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National Council of Insurance Legislators (NCOIL)

Insurance Underwriting Transparency Model Act

**Draft as of June 14, 2022*

**To be discussed by the NCOIL Property & Casualty Insurance Committee on July 16, 2022.*

**Sponsored by Rep. Matt Lehman (IN) – NCOIL Immediate Past President*

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Section 1. Title

This Act shall be known and cited as the “[State] Insurance Underwriting Transparency Act.”

Section 2. Definitions

“**Adverse Action**” means a denial based on data or information that is not inherently part of the risk, or cancellation of, or an 7.9% or more increase in a charge for, or a reduction in coverage or other adverse or unfavorable change in the terms of coverage or amount of insurance in connection with the underwriting of a property & casualty personal insurance policy.

Drafting Note: The intent of including the phrase “inherently part of the risk” is to distinguish between when the transparency requirements set forth in Section 3 of the Model apply to denials. It is the intent for the transparency requirements to apply to denials based on data or information that is not inherently part of the risk, such as a consumer’s social media footprint, purchasing habits, internet activities, etc., and not to denials that are based on traditional underwriting data or information such as physical condition of the risk, motor vehicle records (MVR), or a Comprehensive Loss Underwriting Exchange (CLUE) report.

Drafting Note: This Model is intended to apply to property & casualty personal lines insurance policies such as personal auto insurance and personal homeowners’ insurance. This may also include farm and farm auto policies. Other lines of insurance, such as life insurance and

commercial property & casualty insurance, are not intended to be brought within the scope of this Model.

“External Consumer Data” means data or information that is obtained from an external source and used by an insurer to supplement traditional underwriting.

Section 3. Transparency Requirements

(a) If an insurer¹ uses external consumer data to underwrite and rate risks, the insurer, upon a written request, whether delivered electronically or hard copy, by a consumer, must disclose to the consumer all primary factors, up to a maximum of ten (10), of those most heavily weighed, that the insurer uses in calculating a premium.

(b) If an insurer takes an adverse action based on external consumer data, the insurer must provide written notice, whether delivered electronically or hard copy, to the consumer explaining the reason for the adverse action. The notice must include:

(1) sufficiently clear and specific language so the consumer is able to identify the basis for the insurer’s decision to take an adverse action; and

(2) all factors, up to a maximum of ten (10), that were the primary influences on the adverse action.

Section 4. Penalties

A violation concerning external consumer data shall constitute a violation of [*insert citation to state unfair trade practices statute*].

Section 5. Rules

The Commissioner shall adopt rules as necessary to effectuate the provisions of this Act.

Drafting Note: “Commissioner” may be replaced with the title of the state’s chief insurance regulatory officer.

Section 6. Effective Date

This Act shall be effective in six (6) months for all applications, renewals, and declinations thereafter.

¹ Terms such as “insurer” are intentionally not defined in this Model so that the specific definitions of each state’s insurance code shall govern.